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APPLICATION NO.	FILING	DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/909,927	07/20	/2001	Kenneth Perlin	NYU-7	2411
7	590	08/07/2003			•
Ansel M. Schwartz Suite 304 201 N. Craig Street				EXAMINER NGUYEN, KEVIN M	
Pittsburgh, PA	Pittsburgh, PA 15213		_		
		•		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				2674	2
			·	· DATE MAILED: 08/07/2003	•

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/909,927	PERLIN ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Kevin M. Nguyen	2674
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP	Y IS SET TO EXPIRE 3	MONTH(S) FROM
THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perio - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	I. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may eply within the statutory minimum of t d will apply and will expire SIX (6) Me ute, cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed hirty (30) days will be considered timely. ONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20) July 2001 .	
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ 1	This action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under		
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are pending in the application		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr	awn from consideration.	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6) Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are rejected.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and Application Papers	or election requirement.	
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examir	ner	
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 20 July 2001 is/are: a		ed to by the Examiner
Applicant may not request that any objection to	•	•
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
If approved, corrected drawings are required in		
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	Examiner.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for forei	gn priority under 35 U.S.C	s. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	•	
1. Certified copies of the priority docume	nts have been received.	
2. Certified copies of the priority docume	nts have been received in	Application No
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prince application from the International E * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	iority documents have bee Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)	en received in this National Stage
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domes	•	
a) The translation of the foreign language p		
15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dome		
attachment(s)		
) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of	w Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

1. The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a) because they fail to show 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24 as described in the specification. Any structural detail that is essential for a proper understanding of the disclosed invention should be shown in the drawing. MPEP § 608.02(d). A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Specification

2. The disclosure is objected to because it contains an embedded hyperlink and/or other form of browser-executable code at pages 4, 16 and 21-23. Applicant is required to delete the embedded hyperlink and/or other form of browser-executable code. See MPEP § 608.01.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-4, 7, 8 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Edwards (US 6,057,811) in view Allio (US 5,808,599), and further in view of Aye et al (US 5,886,675).

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As to claims 1 and 7, Edwards teaches a 3D image display device associating a method comprising a display screen 12; a light blocking shutter 20, 22; a display control circuit 16, 28; a left eye, a right eye (see figures 1, column 3, lines 42-66).

Edwards fails to teach 1/3 of each stripe of the image on the display screen during each of at least three distinct phase as red, green and blue. However, Allio teaches a related display image device including 1/3 of each stripe of the image on the display screen during each of at least three distinct phase as red, green and blue (see figure 10, column 14, line 41-67). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide the teaching of Allio for 1/3 of each stripe of the image on the display screen during each of at least three distinct phase as red, green and blue to Street's image display device because this would obtain focal lengths that are smaller and to obtain observed areas that are smaller, thereby avoiding the observer perceiving the dot structure of color points and pixel on the screen (column 1, lines 52-55 of Allio).

Edwards and Allio fail to teach an eye tracker. However, Aye et al teach an eye tracker 42 (see figure 2). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to utilize the eye tracker 42 to Edwards' and Allio's image display device because this would provide the capability for real-time auto stereoscopic display together with an impressive look-around feature.

As to claim 2, Edwards teaches rear projection screen 12 (see figure 9).

As to claim 3, Edwards teaches a 3D image display device associating a method comprising a controllers 16, 28 (a field programmable gate array) in communication with

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the projection screen 12 and the shutter 20, 22 with synchronizes the phases between the shutter 20, 22 and the projection screen 12 (see figure 1).

As to claims 4 and 11, Edwards teaches a 3D image display device associating a method comprising a projector 10 (see figure 2).

As to claim 8, Aye et al teach forming step of encoding into 1-dimensional bitmaps (see figure 9).

5. Claims 5, 6, 9 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Edwards in view of Allio in view of Aye et al, and further in view of Johnson et al (US 5,231,521).

As to claims 5, 6, 9 and 10, Edwards, Allio, and Aye et al teach all of the claimed limitations of claims 1 and 7, except for a ferroelectric liquid crystal display (LCD) and a pi-cell. However, Johnson et al teach the ferroelectric liquid crystal display (LCD) and the pi-cell (see figure 2). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to utilize the ferroelectric liquid crystal display (LCD) and the pi-cell taught by Johnson et al for Edwards', Allio's, and Aye et al's display screen because this would be optimized for increased spectral discrimination, improved single and multiple stage filters, discretely tunable and continuously tunable filters (column 4, line 65 of Johnson et al).

6. Claims 1 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Street (US 5,712,732) in view of Allio (US 5,808,599).

As to claims 1 and 7, Street teaches a 3D image display device associating a method comprising a display screen 89; a light blocking shutter 88; stripe pattern 92

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allows 1/4 of each stripe of the image on the display screen during each of at least three distinct phase as red, green and blue; a display control circuit 9, a left eye 90, a right eye 91, an eye tracker 93 (see figures 23, column 17, lines 1-18) 1/4 of each stripe of the image on the display screen during each of at least three distinct phase as red, green and blue.

Street fails to teach 1/3 of each stripe of the image on the display screen during each of at least three distinct phase as red, green and blue. However, Allio teaches a related display image device including 1/3 of each stripe of the image on the display screen during each of at least three distinct phase as red, green and blue (see figure—10, column 14, line 41-67). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide the teaching of Allio for 1/3 of each stripe of the image on the display screen during each of at least three distinct phase as red, green and blue to Street's image display device because this would obtain focal lengths that are smaller and to obtain observed areas that are smaller, thereby avoiding the observer perceiving the dot structure of color points and pixel on the screen (column 1, lines 52-55 of Allio).

Conclusion

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kevin M. Nguyen whose telephone number is 703-305-6209. The examiner can normally be reached on MON-THU from 9:00-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Richard A Hjerpe can be reached on 703-305-4709. The fax phone

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numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9314 for regular communications and 703-306-0377 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-306-0377.

Kevin M. Nguyen **Patent Examiner** Art Unit 2674

KN July 31, 2003

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600